



## **HISTORY FORM II SYLLABUS - 2013**

### **BIMESTER 1: THE REFORMATION IN THE 16TH CENTURY**

- Importance of the church and the parish priest in the lives of ordinary people
- Reformers: Wycliffe and Martin Luther- events and consequences of their actions
- Henry VIII and the reasons for the Anglican Reformation
- Similarities and differences between the Lutheran and Anglican Reformations
- Similarities and differences between the Catholic and the Protestant church services.

### **BIMESTER 2: LIFE IN TUDOR ENGLAND**

- Distribution and structure of social classes in Elizabethan England
- Aspects of Britain in the 16<sup>th</sup> and 17<sup>th</sup> Century e.g. urban life, wealth and poverty; fashion; Shakespeare and the theatre, entertainment, science and technology.
- Long and short term causes of the French Revolution
- Events leading to the Fall of La Bastille
- Role of King Louis XVI
- Consequences of the Revolution: Declaration of Rights of Man; subsequent Period of Reign of Terror/Robespierre; Emergence of Napoleon.

### **BIMESTER 3: INDUSTRIAL REVOLUTION**

- The Domestic System: advantages and disadvantages.
- Causes for the appearance of the Industrial Revolution in England
- New sources of power and new technology
- Consequences of the IR: urban development; new social classes; working conditions of factory workers and child labour. Parliamentary Reforms

### **BIMESTER 4: FIRST WORLD WAR**

- Origins of the First World War: concepts of nationalism, imperialism, militarism and system of alliances and their impact on European affairs.
- Decline of the Ottoman Empire and its consequences: Balkan Conflicts
- Anglo-German Naval Race
- Trench warfare
- New technology
- The Armistice: aftermath and reactions.